Theoretical test

consists of asking the candidate questions or requesting him/her to perform specific tasks in the field of cognitive knowledge and skills, as well as analysing the results of these activities.

The theoretical test, sometimes called a knowledge test, is one of the most commonly used assessment methods. Such a test should not only confirm remembered knowledge, but above all enable the use of this knowledge to be assessed. It allows the use of clear evaluation criteria, while the design of the tools and organisation of the assessment ensure its impartiality and reliability.

Types of theoretical tests

Features	Type of activity performed by the person passing the test	Range of use	The purpose of the assessment
	• **Written tests** • **Oral tests**	• **Standardised tests** • **Non-standardised tests**	• **Criterion-referenced tests** • **Norm-referenced tests**

The validation stages in which the use of the method is recommended

1
Identification stage

2
Documentation stage

3
Assessment stage

Scope of the learning outcomes that may be confirmed using the method

Knowledge

Skills

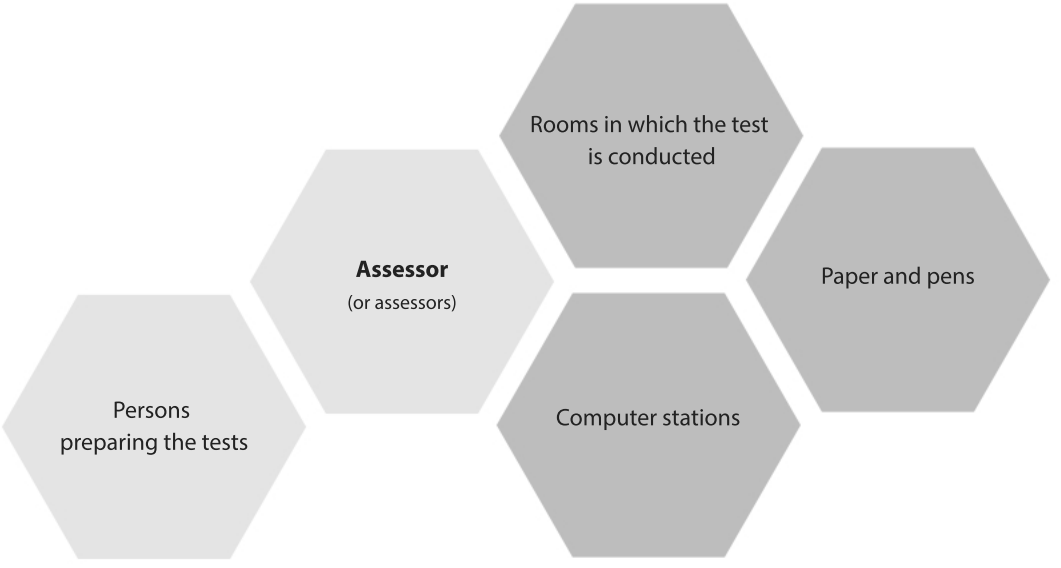
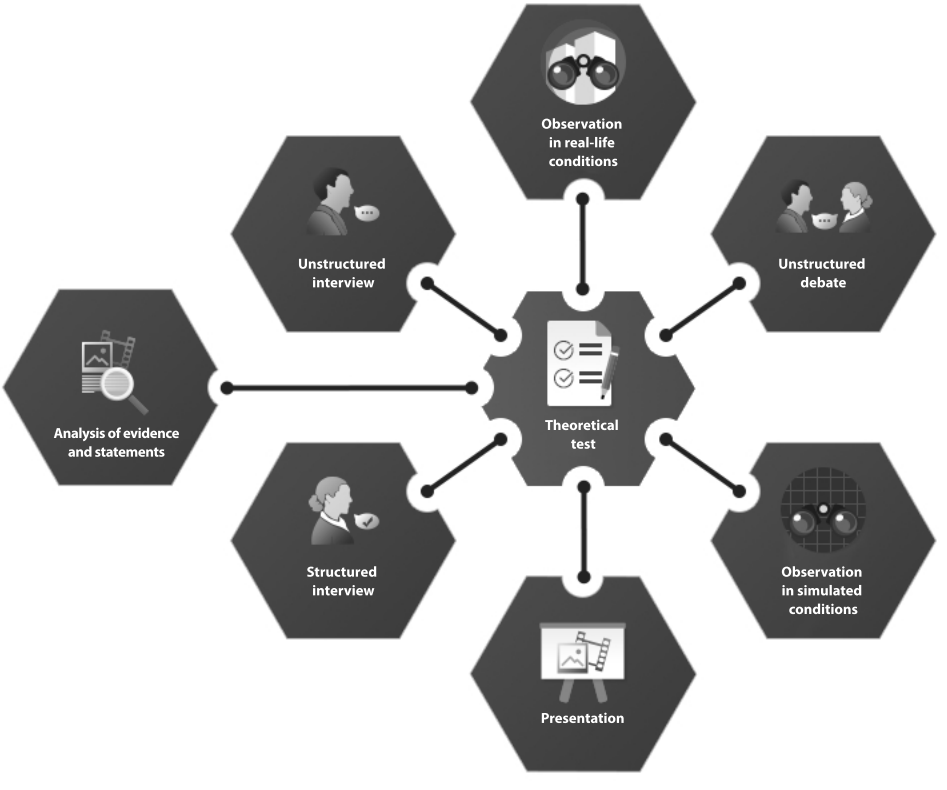
Social competences

Fundusze Europejskie
Wiedza Edukacja Rozwój

IBE kwalifikacje dla każdego

Unia Europejska
Europejski Fundusz Społeczny

Required resources



Possibilities of **combining the theoretical test** with other methods